IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

REISSUE SERIAL NO. : 08/818,520

FILED : March 14, 1997 RECEIVED

GROUP ART UNIT : 2109

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EXAMINER :

GROUP 1700

PATENT NO.

INVENTORS

TITLE

Farquhar et al.

5,397,857

"PCMCIA STANDARD MEMORY CARD

FRAME"

REISSUE APPLICATION INVENTOR'S DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY KEN DORF

Assistant Commissioner for Patents Box 7 Washington, D.C. 20231

RECEIVED
JUL 2 3 1998

GROUP 2500

SIR:

I hereby declare that:

- 1. My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.
- 2. I am a co-inventor for U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 92,012 filed July 15, 1993 and which issued as U.S. Patent No. 5,397,857 on March 14, 1995, and for which invention a reissue patent is being solicited.
- 3. A copy of the reissue application is attached hereto. I reviewed and understand the contents of the specification, including the claims as amended or added by any amendments specifically referred to herein.
- 4. I acknowledge the duty to disclose information defined in 37 CFR §1.56 which is material to the examination of this

application, namely, information that may affect the patentability of one or more claims in the application.

- 5. I believe that there is an error in the patent by reason of my claiming less than I had a right, as one of the patentees, to claim in the patent. I believe the original patent to be partly invalid or inoperative because, erroneously, the patent does not include claims such as the newly amended Claim 1 with Claims 2-8 dependent therefrom and newly added Claims 9-13. This error was made unintentionally and with no intention to deceive or mislead the United States Patent and Trademark Office, and, thus, without deceptive intent.
- 6. I executed an inventor's oath for a patent application which was filed in the United States Patent and Trademark Office. That application was filed on July 15, 1993 and given U.S. Serial No. 92,012. U.S. Patent No. 5,397,857 issued from that application.
- 7. During an analysis conducted by counsel for me in January and February, 1997 with respect to the claims of U.S. Patent No. 5,397,857, I was informed that, in counsel's review of the claims as well as art cited during the prosecution of U.S. Patent No. 5,397,857, the invention of U.S. Patent No. 5,397,857 can be distinguished over the art in a number of ways not currently claimed in U.S. Patent No. 5,397,857 and not appreciated during the preparation and filing of the application from which U.S. Patent No. 5,397,857 issued. I am informed that, accordingly, it has been determined that amended original Claim

1 and the newly submitted claims, which are listed in Attachment A hereto, and which do not include certain limitations in the original claim, should be patentable over the prior art, and, therefore, the present reissue application is being filed.

- 8. When I signed the oath submitted with U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 92,012, I did not appreciate that I was entitled to claims such as the newly amended Claim 1 with Claims 2-8 dependent therefrom and newly added Claims 9-13.
- 9. Specifically, Applicants were and are entitled to claims having a breadth as set forth in newly amended Claim 1 and Claims 2-5.
- 10. Independent Claim 1 of the '857 patent, as amended, recites "A peripheral device PCB package comprising: two stamped metal covers with a plastic frame element corresponding to each cover, each cover having a first side and a second side with a plurality of fingers extending from said sides and wherein edges of the metal covers are bent to conform to the shape of the frame element and said fingers are embedded in the plastic frame elements forming an integral unit, the plastic frame elements being injection molded around the fingers; and wherein the plastic frame element extends beyond a plane of the metal cover so that a plastic perimeter surface is exposed, thereby facilitating bonding of the two covers."
- 11. Newly added independent Claim 7 recites "A peripheral device PCB package comprising: two stamped metal covers with a plastic frame element corresponding to each cover, each cover

having a first side and a second side with a finger extending from one of said sides of each of the covers and wherein edges of the metal covers are bent to conform to the shape of the corresponding frame element and said finger is secured to the plastic frame element forming an integral unit wherein each of the plastic frame elements is injection molded around the finger; and wherein the plastic frame element extends beyond a plane of the metal cover so that a plastic perimeter surface is exposed, thereby facilitating bonding of the two covers.

- 12. Newly added Claim 8 depends from newly added Claim 7 and recites that the package has a plurality of fingers that extend from one of said sides.
- 13. Newly added Claim 9 depends from newly added Claim 7 and recites that the package has a plurality of fingers that extend from at least two sides.
- 14. Newly added Claim 10 depends from newly added Claim 7 and recites that the fingers are embedded in the plastic frame elements.
- 15. Newly added independent Claim 11 recites a peripheral device PCB package. The package comprises two stamped metal covers having a first side and a second side with a finger extending from one of said sides of each cover. The package further comprises a plastic frame element associated with each of the covers wherein the plastic frame elements are injection molded to secure the finger of each cover to the plastic frame element.

- 15. Newly added Claim 12 depends from newly added Claim 11 and recites that the package further comprises a plastic perimeter surface extending beyond the plane of the metal cover to facilitate bonding of the two covers.
- 16. Newly added Claim 13 depends from newly added Claim 12 and recites that each of the plastic perimeter surfaces is integrally formed with the plastic frame elements.
- 17. Newly added Claim 14 depends from newly added Claim 12 and recites that the plastic perimeter surface is an energy director.
- 18. Newly added Claim 15 depends from newly added Claim 11 and recites that a finger extends from one of said sides.
- 19. Newly added Claim 16 depends from newly added Claim 11 and recites a plurality of fingers extending from at least two sides.
- 20. Newly added Claim 17 depends from newly added Claim 11 and recites that the edge of the metal cover is bent to conform to the shape of the plastic frame.
- 21. Newly added independent Claim 18 recites a PCB package comprising: a first package half including a stamped metal cover having an edge formed in a U-shape and a frame element injection molded within the U-shaped edge of the metal cover; a second package half including a stamped metal cover and a molded frame element attached to the metal cover; and the first package half sonically bonded to the second package half.
 - 22. Newly added Claim 19 depends from Claim 18 and recites

that the first package half includes a plane bisecting the U-shaped edge at its terminal portion on a first side and a second side of the first package half and a plastic perimeter surface exposed and extending beyond the plane of the first package half to facilitate bonding with the second package half.

- 23. Newly added Claim 20 depends from newly added Claim 19 and recites that the plastic perimeter surface is an energy director.
- 24. Newly added Claim 21 depends from newly added Claim 18 and recites that the second package half includes a plane bisecting the U-shaped edge at its terminal portion on a first and a second side of the second package half and a plastic perimeter surface exposed and recessed below the plane of the second package half to facilitate bonding with the first package half.
- 25. Newly added Claim 22 depends from newly added Claim 18 and recites the edge is secured to the frame element and the frame element is injection molded partially around the edge.
- 26. Newly added Claim 23 depends from newly added Claim 18 and recites that a finger extends at an angle from the edge of the metal cover and the finger having the frame element partially injection molded around the finger.
- 27. It was my unintended mistake in the independent claim as originally filed with the application that the claim could be effectively written to read on the preferred embodiments of my invention in which a finger extends from each of the metal covers

wherein each finger is secured to a plastic frame element by injection molding of the plastic frame element around the finger. Therefore, the newly presented claims define an invention disclosed by my original specification and not taught by any reference or combination of references of which I am aware.

28. The error in the originally filed claim which issued on a second Office Action by the U.S. Patent Office arose without any deceptive intention on my part.

A copy of the reissue application is attached hereto. I have reviewed and understand the contents of the specification, including the claims, as amended or added by any amendments specifically referred to herein.

I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith:

Messrs. John D. Simpson (Registration No. 19,842), Lewis T. Steadman (17,074), Dennis A. Gross (24,410), Robert M. Barrett, (30,142) Steven H. Noll (28,982), Kevin W. Guynn (29,927), Robert M. Ward (26,517), Brett A. Valiquet (27,841), Edward A. Lehman (22,312), David R. Metzger (32,919), James D. Hobart (24,149), Melvin A. Robinson (31,870), John R. Garrett (27,888), Todd S. Parkhurst (26,494), Paula J. Kelly (37,624), John W. Cornell (30,619), Robert J. Depke (37,607), Joseph P. Reagen (35,332), Michael R. Hull (35,902), Michael S. Leonard (37,557) and Marvin Moody (16,549) all members of the firm of Hill & Simpson, A Professional Corporation and David L. Newman (37,196) and Jeffery H. Canfield (38,404) of METHODE ELECTRONICS, INC.

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Hill & Simpson A Professional Corporation 85th Floor Sears Tower Chicago, Illinois 60606 I hereby declare that all statements made herein of our own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Full Name of Co-Inventor

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United States Patent [19]

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[54]	PCMCL/ FRAME	\ STA	NDARD MEMORY CARD
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[21]	Appl No	: 92,	012
[22]	Filed:	Jul	. 15, 1993
[51] [52]	Int. Cl. ⁶ U.S. Cl		
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• •			; 174/52.4, 52.5, 52 1; 428/76, 192,
			542.8; 156/73.1; 764/248, 272.17
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[11] Patent Number:

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[45] Date of Patent:

Mar. 14, 1995

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- Branson Technical Brochure, PW-3, Joint Design For Ultrasonic Welding, Aug. 1980.

Primary Examiner -- Michael W. Ball Assistant Examiner -- Richard Crispino Attorney, Agent, or Firm -- Keith Kline

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ABSTRACT

A container for a memory card and the process by which the container is manufactured. The container comprises chiefly two stamped steel covers, (an upper and a lower cover half), each secured to a plastic frame element. The cover halves are secured by extended fingers which wrap around the plastic frame. This provides a double layer of metal at the perimeter of the frame. The two cover halves are situated so as to encapsulate the subject PCB and to affix it in its proper position. The two cover halves are then welded together using sonic welding on the plastic frame. The frame has been designed to meet all PCMCIA standards, including polarizing keys and grounding points.

6 Claims, 4 Drawing Sheets

PCMCIA STANDARD MEMORY CARD FRANCE

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates generally to memory 5 media and I/O device containers, and more particularly to a packaging container for printed circuit boards that conforms to standards set by PCMCIA, JEDIC, ISO, etc. for peripheral devices

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

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Current technology computing devices are so small that there is very little room for storage devices such as a hard disk drive or I/O device. In order to expand a portable, laptop, or any other type of computer's capaci. 15 ity and functioning capability, manufacturers have de vised "plug-in" peripheral cards in the form of printed circuit boards (PCD's) contained within an exterior package. These devices are termed "PCMCIA style peripheral devices".

The PCMCIA style devices can be used to perform the functions of software, resident memory in hardware devices, or in the place of a hard drive. The cards can be used as flash memory, to facilitate LAN networking, paging devices, and as FAX modems. They may be 25 used in cellular telephones, PROMS, EPROMS, FF. PROMS, RAMS, SRAMS, and DRAMS. In short, the cards are very versatile as well as inexpensive

Due to the myriad methods possible to construct the interface of the memory card with the computer, the 30 Personal Computer Memory Card International Association (PCMCIA) and comparable organizations have established certain standards for the construction of the memory cards within their containers

Use constraints require that a PCB be scaled within a 35 rigid package for insertion into the PC. One problem in the current art methods of fixing the card in metallic containers is that adhesives, solvents and/or epoxies are generally used to secure the two halves of the container Since the bonding requires the adhesion of two dissimi- 40 far metals, current art processes can lead to functional problems with the card, as well as to failures of the

Another disadvantage is that current art constructions use many components, leading to greater manuface 45 turing cost, and a higher likelihood of failures

OBJECTS, SUMMARY, AND ADVANTAGES OF THE INVENTION

Accordingly, it is an object of the present invention 50 to provide a PCMCIA style peripheral device container that meets PCMCIA, JEDIC, and ISO standards. It is a further object of the present invention to provide a container that comprises few components to reduce manufacturing cost.

The present invention is a container for a peripheral device and the process by which the container is manufactured. The container comprises chiefly two stamped metal covers, (an upper and a lower cover half), each secured to a plastic frame element. The cover halves are 60 secured by extended fingers which wrap around the plastic frame. This provides a double layer of metal at the perimeter of the frame.

The two cover halves are situated so as to encapsulate the subject PCB and to affix it in its proper position. 65 The two cover halves are then welded together using sonic welding on the plastic frame or resistance welding on the covers. The frame has been designed to meet all

PCMCIA standards, including but not limited to polarizing keys and grounding points

Advantages of the present invention are as follows:

- 1 Joinder of the two package halves is accomplished without the use of adhesives. This leads to greater rehability of the memory card.
 - 2 Very few components are used, minimizing manufacturing costs.

3. More space for the PCB is available within a given package volume.

4 The present invention provides a memory card container that is stronger than prior art containers.

5 The device constructed according to the present invention lends itself to automated assembly.

- 6 The device of the present invention is very versatile, and can be used for types I, II, III, and IV boards. It is envisioned that future board designs will also be compatible with the present invention.
- The process will allow a card manufacturer to bond only similar materials, plastic to plastic, since the hunding of the dissimilar materials, plastic to metal, is accomplished by the package manufac-
- 8 Application of a non-conductive layer to the two cover halves prior to stamping allows the package to have a non-conductive interior.

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 The design allows the PCB to be fixed in place by opposing plastic elements ("bosses") at any level within the package

10 The PCB connectors and/or other I/O devices can be clamped between the cover halves

can be clamped and thickness can be controlled to a very strict tolerance.

The package provides variable grounding locations along the length of the package sides.

These and other objects and advantages of the present invention will become apparent to those skilled in the art in view of the description of the best presently known mode of carrying out the invention as described becein and as illustrated in the drawings

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. I is a perspective exploded view of the metal 45 covers and plastic frame of the package of the present

FIG. 2 is a detail view of the plastic frame showing the energy director utilized in the sonic welding process;

package covers and plastic frame;

171G. 4 is side cross-sectional view of a memory card and container as embodied by the present invention.

DEST MODE OF CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION

The present invention is a PCMCIA style peripheral device package 10. Referring to FIG. I, it can be seen that the package 10 comprises chiefly an upper cover 10. a lower cover 14, an upper frame element 16, and a lower frame clement 18. The covers 12 & 14 are formed from stamped metal, and the frame elements 16 & 18 are modded plastic.

While the material for the covers is chosen to be While the material for the covers is chosen to be stamped metal, there is no requirement that it be so.. Any rigid material will suffice. However, if the cover is of a conductive material, it will serve to reduce EMI, RF and ESI) problems, these being factors which elec-